

The Hartford Republican.

Fine Job Work.

DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF ALL THE PEOPLE OF OHIO COUNTY

Subscription \$1 per Year

VOL. XXVIII.

HARTFORD, OHIO COUNTY, KY., FRIDAY, OCTOBER 22, 1915.

No. 15

A WEAK EFFORT TO FOOL PEOPLE

Hartford Herald Hatches Egg From Mare's Nest.

Ignorantly Quotes Wrong Law in Effort to Discredit Gov- ernor Morrow.

When Hon. E. P. Morrow spoke at the Court House in Hartford recently among other serious charges which he made and substantiated before Hanksdale Hamlett was once artfully grafting, by collecting from aged old school teachers of the State, without warrant of law, a five dollar fee for issuing certificates to them under a late act of the legislature which provides such certificates for those who have taught for twenty years.

Mr. Morrow exhibited a check paid by Mr. L. S. Mason which check had been endorsed and cashed by Mr. Hamlett and suggested that he would be glad to furnish the evidence to the Ohio county grand jury if the Circuit Judge and Commonwealth's Attorney would have the matter investigated. Nobody expected they would and they didn't, being too busy themselves in an effort to get elected a third time to the jobs which they hold and which they now seem to regard as personal property.

Enter now the Hartford Herald with all its ignorance "Inheriting at its back." It thinks it has discovered a "mules' nest" and proceeds to either lay or hatch an egg. It accuses Mr. Morrow of dense ignorance of the law and proceeds to display its own ignorance in a manner that would disgrace any newspaper not already beyond that condition. It proceeds to quote from Carroll's Statutes. Yet from Carroll's edition of 1915, the old law concerning the manner of issuing State diplomas to teachers who have passed the required examination. The poor, ignorant Hartford Herald did not know that there was any other law on the subject and proceeds to make an ass of itself in the eyes of all those who read it.

Here is a plain statement and quotation of the law upon the subject of State certificates:

There are six kinds of certificates which enable persons to teach in the public schools of Kentucky. One is the well known county certificate, which may be either of the first or second class and when any person over eighteen years of age may obtain by passing the required examination held by the Superintendent, and County Board of Examiners appointed by him. The fee for this certificate is \$1.00. Kentucky Statutes—Section 4503.

Another is the State certificate which "May be granted by the State Board of Examiners upon the recommendation of the County Board of Examiners after a written examination held in the county of the applicant's residence, or on a personal examination before the State Board of Examiners at the State Capitol. A State certificate shall be impressed with the seal of the State Board of Examiners, and the fee charged the applicant shall be \$4.00 . . . the proceeds of the fees for examination for state certificate shall be divided between the two professional members of the State Board of Examiners in proportion to the services rendered by them." Kentucky Statutes—Section 4502a, Sub-Section 3.

A third, is The State Board shall have the power to recognize and validate teachers certificates of other states, which shall not be of a lower standard than the state certificates of Kentucky." Kentucky Statutes—Section 4502a, Sub-Section 3.

Fourth, by state diploma which may be issued by the State Board of Examiners after a personal examination held at the State Capitol on the last Wednesday of July of each year, upon the subjects embraced in the common school course of study and also upon the science and art of teaching, psychology, English Literature, Higher Arithmetic, Physics, and Elementary Latin. This is the

certificate for which a provision is made for a fee of \$5.00, which shall be paid to the two members of the State Board of Examiners and is to pay them for holding this examination. (This is the certificate talked about by the Hartford Herald in this week's issue for which the \$5.00 fee is to be charged and by which it attempts to convey the idea that Mr. Morrow is wrong. It is the only certificate for which a provision is made for a \$5.00 fee.) Ky. Statutes Section 4502.

Fifth, is by the diploma granted by the State Normal Schools, of which there are two in the State of Kentucky. These schools have power to grant certificates of two years, four years and life, good for anywhere in the State and are to be awarded upon the completion of certain courses of study prescribed by those schools.

SIXTH. TEACHERS OF TWENTY YEARS' EXPERIENCE, as provided in section 4502a, Sub-Section 5, page 2295a of Carroll's 1915 Edition of Kentucky Statutes, which section of the law reads as follows in its entirety: "The State Board of Education, in their discretion shall have power to extend for life, teacher's certificates of such teachers who have had as many as twenty years of successful experience teaching in the common schools of this State, provided that no such certificate shall be of a lower class than the first class."

Now will the Hartford Herald be kind enough to publish the law on this matter as given above and point out to a waiting public where Mr. Hamlett or anyone else is authorized to charge a \$5.00 fee for issuing these certificates to school teachers who possess the required number of years of experience and who are entitled to them without any examination whatever.

Will it also please apologize to Mr. Morrow and admit that he is a lawyer instead of a "bluffer" or "deceitful ignoramus" or will the Herald like the other fool, who swore the horse was eighteen feet high, stick to it.

The Herald is claiming more for Mr. Hamlett than he claims for himself. He does not even claim that he had a right to collect this money since the exposure he is returning checks to some of those from whom he collected when requested to do so. A number of them have been sent to the Republican headquarters by those to whom they had been returned.

The attorney at law part of the editorial force at the Herald office should take some immediate steps to prevent further discredit to his learning and capacity on legal matters and especially his knowledge of Kentucky Statutes concerning school matters.

What a Baptist Paper says About Stanley.

Judge R. W. Bingham said in an address at the opening of the Democratic campaign in Louisville these words:

"I lay no claim to unvarying party regularity. I do not assert that never scratched a Democratic candidate. On the contrary, I have reserved the right at all times to vote for the man I believe best fitted for the office to which he aspires.

But whatever there may be of local pride and interest we must never forget that to be true Democrats we must first be true patriots, that above and beyond all local needs and all party exigencies stand our duty and our loyalty to American citizens."

If Judge Bingham is a good Democrat (and he is good enough for the Stanley machine to put up as one of the speakers at the opening of their fall campaign in Louisville,) then News and Truths editor is a good Democrat, for that is his position exactly. As a "true patriot" and a "loyal American citizen" we are urging all other good citizens to vote against Owslay Stanley for Governor this year, because he is not morally fitted for the office to which he aspires."

But a greater Democrat than Judge Bingham has spoken and acted in the same way. W. J. Bryan himself hoisted his party nominee and voted for a Republican for Governor of Nebraska, because his party nominee was backed by the liquor interests in that State.

Write Fordsville Planning Mill Co., Fordsville, Ky., for prices on Silos, other Wood, Concrete or Tile Blocks. Full information furnished promptly.

WATCHFUL WAITING.

"We are still waiting on Judge Birkhead to call a special session of the jury to investigate that famous primary. Will he do it? The odds are against his calling it. But what good would it do to call a special session, without appointing a special Commonwealth's attorney to prosecute the cases when Mr. Ringo has his hands full at present fighting the contest with Mr. Tanner for one of the offices over which there was so much money spent and whiskey drunk.

"Imagine the circuit Judge going into a saloon on Fourth street and calling in the multitude and lining them up and after the drinks had been served, some of his henchmen laying down three \$5.00 bills and the bartender ringing the change for \$14.85 and returning only fifteen cents out of \$15.00. Then comes one of his appointees who said: 'My office depends on the election of the Judge, come up boys and have one on me!' And the multitude gathered and they were all of one mind, and that was that they would each take a drink to the health and success of the Judge and his appointee every time they were asked. One poor boy got too much, and he found his way to the backroom and after his trial the next morning he said to a friend on St. Ann st. 'I had too much Birkhead whiskey last night. That was the first time I was ever drunk and it will be the last time.' Judge what would 'My Good Grand Jury' say about that kind of conduct.

That kind of conduct on the part of public officials is what makes dry town, dry cities and dry states. The people won't stand for a thing of that kind now. There was a time when you could have gotten by with it, but you can't do it now. We do not object to the Judge taking a drink if he wants it, but he must not call the multitude into the saloon just before the day of the primary at the close of a speaking at which his friends howled his opponent down. A thing of that kind can't be made a success in this day and generation. Some one may get the idea that we are for state wide prohibition judging from what we have said above, but we are not, we are for the county unit and have been for years, but if any thing would make us for statewide prohibition it would be a few more primaries like the one pulled off on August 7th. We venture the assertion that if all the bottles and jugs that were used in this judicial district primary, could be brought from the fence corners and thickets, they would fill two large furniture cars. It is no uncommon thing for the small boys to come down the street with an arm load of empty bottles gathered up from the ruins of August 7th. Some one bought them and some one distributed them. Who did it? We think Judge Birkhead should call a special grand jury and appoint a special attorney to prosecute the cases, or they should turn both nominations back to the people, or the committee."—Owensboro News.

The above article was printed in the Sept. 3, 1915 issue of this paper.

Later the following question was included in one of our editorials: Did Judge Birkhead and Mr. Clements go into a saloon or saloons on Wednesday night before the August primary and then there purchase liquor or other intoxicating drinks for various men who attended a speaking at which Judge Glegg had been hoisted, hissed and otherwise disconcertedly treated?

What a lot of blind Democrats the Hartford Herald might have missed if they had answered this question with a single "No" instead of going way off on a tangent and never even hinting to the truth or untruth of this important article.

Absolutely no one has answered this question negatively.

BOLD DEED OF TWENTY MEN

Said To Be Followers of De La Rosa, So Called Texas Revolutionist.

Brownsville, Texas, Oct. 19.—

Inspired by a race hatred as well as the desire for loot, 20 Mexicans, who claimed to be followers of Lluis de La Rosa, the leader of the so-called Texas revolutionists, held up and robbed the St. Louis, San Francisco train near Olmito, seven miles north of here last night. As a result two men are dead and another probably fatally wounded, four others were seriously hurt. The bandits are believed to have escaped into Mexico.

Corporal Melton of the Third Cavalry was shot and killed. Engineer Kendall was crushed beneath the engine. Dr. E. S. McCullin, Brownsville, shot in the abdomen and will probably die. Among the others wounded are Claud J. Brashears, of the Sixth cavalry, shot in the jaw, C. H. Laymon, Third cavalry shot in neck and leg. John W. Sword, Pineville, Ky., a passenger was near Mcbee but escaped. The bandits unscrewed the rail, detached the engine, baggage, mail and express cars. The smoker and day coach remained upright. While a dozen bandits kept up a fusillade outside the train, six entered the cars and began shooting, directing the fire at soldiers in uniform, but who were unarmed.

After wounding the passengers, the bandits robbed them of a few hundred dollars, took the shoes from a porter and one other man and fled. The porter ran three miles and telephoned of the holdup. Soldiers from San Benito pursued a trestle ahead of the train. An extended search today failed to disclose them.

Troops on Trail.

A discharged United States soldier appeared at Olmito shortly after midnight and reported the train had been fired upon and that the engineer and several other persons had

been killed. The sheriff and a posse started in automobiles, and a special train carrying two companies of infantry, started for the scene.

A troop of cavalry left shortly afterwards and was followed by an automobile truck carrying a detachment of infantry.

The first definite information received at Ft. Brown said that a band of 70 or 80 Mexicans pulled out a rail from the track and the engine and baggage car went into the ditch. Mexicans then swarmed on the train, it was reported and looted it. A long trestle half a mile south of the wreck was set on fire after the train had been held up and nearly destroyed. This hindered the progress of the troops so that the bandits had time to flee into the brush.

Passengers who reached here on a relief train early today said that the train was derailed and brought to a stop; that the Mexicans poured into the coaches shouting "Viva Pizana," and commenced shooting at passengers. Pizana, the man the bandits were cheering is the supposed leader of the so-called "Texas revolution" organized under the "plan of San Diego" which last year contemplated the seizure of border states and returning them to Mexican rule.

Mexicans severed telephone lines between Brownsville and Villa Nueva nine miles from here, preventing communication with the troops at the scene of the hold up.

A Defender of Election Crooks.

"Not a reputable lawyer in the State of Indiana would defeat the lame lame election gang and the crooked politicians, divekeepers and vicious element of that rotten Indiana town had to come to Kentucky to find a lawyer who would take the case."—H. V. McChesney at Owensboro.

Farm For Sale.

Eighty acres of good land containing dwelling, barn and other outbuildings, situated on Hartford and Rockport road. Well and spring on farm. Church and schoolhouse near.

For price, terms, etc., call or address

BARNETT & SON, AGTS.

Hartford, Ky.

THE FORMER BEN RINGO

The Commonwealth's Attorney Changes Tune.

Instructions to Grand Jury in October 1913 Differ Greatly From Oct. 1915.

Extracts from Mr. Ringo's instruction to the grand jury:

Gentlemen of the grand jury, there are just some matters of much importance that I want to speak to you about.

That the public in advance may understand what they are going up against I want to say these few things to you good men. I know this county as well as any man, and know the good people who live here want to do the right thing. The people of Ohio county do not want to violate the law, and the majority are good, law abiding citizens; but a long time ago there grew up in this county a tendency to use money in elections. Some of you older men remember. That was an evil day for us all. During my residence in this county I took an active interest in politics—more than I ought to have taken, because we are all one race and one blood, and love our country and her government the same. And the line-up with the parties is just an effort to get what the good people consider best for the public welfare. There are men who line up with the different parties just to get the dollar, but the good men of Ohio county do not do that. You know that and I do. But there were some good men around here who made up their minds they could influence the election by putting out some dollars. They put out the poison, and ever since that time we have reaped dire results. After that some men got into their minds that a public election was just a private snap, and they went into it for just what they could get out of it. That went on until it finally got so these men around this court house could not win an election without its taking three years of salary to pay the expenses of the election. These men are honest men, but sometimes men of other kind get into office, but I never knew a dirty dollar to pass the hands of any officer of Ohio county. But when a man has to spend the hard-earned money of many years labor to get into office, it takes a hard fight not to fall to the temptation of getting it back when he had to spend it in getting his office.

In the beginning many thought it was all right to pay a man for his time in going to the election, when he worked at a sawmill, or something. It was alright to pay some one to work in his place when he went and voted, and \$5 on the side; but that has grown into such proportions that we see now the evils of this and know the custom should never have been established. The public knows this is wrong, and you and I know it is wrong, and the thing to be done is to suppress it. I am not speaking on account of anybody's party, but on my own responsibility. It is true I affiliate with one party, as you know, but I am not going to permit myself to be led by any political party, but speaking for the State of Kentucky, which I represent. I want to say to you that the last bit of power that the State which I represent has, is going to be used in an effort to have an honest election in Ohio county. We have a clean set of men around this court house and many around here have said we don't want this business I have referred to any more; and the Commonwealth of Kentucky is going to help them have a clean election this time. I'll read to you the Statutes pertaining to this matter which the law-making power of this state has made. (The Statutes relative to bribery were read.)

That means that any man convicted under that statute shall not only be fined and sent to jail but shall be disfranchised. That statute is going to be enforced in Ohio county, because I know I can get 12 honest, God-fearing men who will stand up for what they think is right and if it were possible that I could fail in this, I could go to the surrounding counties and get a grand jury that would help. This department of justice which I represent has the power behind it to enforce these laws, and it makes no difference who is guilty he will be punished, and it is my purpose in making this statement that they will understand this in advance—because my who may violate these laws will have to be dealt with like we deal with any other man who violates the law.

And, gentlemen, this is a government by law—not by force or violence. Men who counsel disorder have no place among honest men.

We quarantine against deadly diseases, and in this same manner we must deny with any situation suggesting lawlessness; we should get these people where they will not be a menace to our good county. We will lock these people up, not in their homes, but in a place prepared for them. This will not be a child's play, but men dealing with men. Statutes are going to be enforced. I want to say this much to you gentlemen; I wanted to discharge my duty to my fellow men. I wanted to keep my good fellows in Ohio county out of trouble; for it is better to keep them out than to let them get in and then try to get them out. The power behind me is of a hundred years standing up for law and order in the county of your fathers; it has the power to put these violators of the law behind the iron bars in the penitentiary, and even to put them in the electric chair if necessary. It is this power that I represent, and I am supported by the sturdy Judge who sits behind me, and a fearless County Attorney, and with the help of the good men of this county we expect to enforce these Statutes. They know that the only hope for justice is to be had in the enforcement of these laws, and they know that this is every man who tries to be a law-abiding citizen.

I am saying these things on my own responsibility and in advance of any disorder, so that there may be no misunderstanding about it with the public or with any individual.

Hugging Breach of Peace.

Hugging on an Interurban car constitutes breach of the peace. This has been officially decided upon by Magistrate Muenninghoff, thus sustaining the dictum of Constable Kremer, who charged Nellie Barnes, of Clinton Station, with breach of the peace Saturday night, when he discovered her hugging Henry Murphy on an Orell car.

Magistrate Muenninghoff fined the young woman \$5 and \$9 costs and added thirty days in jail. She will spend seventy-five days in jail, as she received the same punishment for being disorderly last Tuesday on the Eighteenth Street Rond, near Clinton Station.

When seated at jail she said, "Seventy-five days? That ain't much. I like it in jail. But I don't have to eat soup." She was still smiling when locked up.

Wilson Eats at Negro Hotel

Washington, Oct. 16.—President Wilson took a holiday today and with Mrs. Norman Galt, his fiancee, and his cousin, Miss Lucy Smith and Miss Mary Smith, of New Orleans, motored to Harper's Ferry, W. Va., for lunch. To-night the party attended a theater here.

The motorists left the White House this morning without telling even White House officials where they were going. It was raining and the roads were muddy, but the holiday makers were not to be discouraged, and noon found the White House car at Harper's Ferry, seventy-two miles away. At an inn overlooking the Potomac and Shenandoah Rivers the President registered, writing "Woodrow Wilson and party."

The inn is kept by a negro family, and the President and Mrs. Galt, both of whom were born in Virginia, ordered an old fashioned Southern dinner, which was served in the public dining room, where there were twenty other guests. The President asked particularly for apple pie dessert, but was given "poor man's pudding." He paid for the dinner himself and tipped the waitress.

BRIDEGROOM ARRESTED ON KIDNAPPING CHARGE

Is Forced to Ride Mule Through Principal Streets of Jeffersonville.

Torn from his bride of four days, placed in jail for two hours, then compelled to ride a mule attached to a light spring wagon, Frank Lindley, a well-known Jeffersonville young man, was shown a warm time last night. Hundreds of people collected at the police station to watch the start of a procession headed by a brass band of thirteen pieces, followed by Mr. Lindley astride a car works mule. In the carriage were four friends of the bridegroom.

In the wake came an automobile containing Dr. David Cohen and Mrs. Cohen, Mr. and Mrs. Bruce B. Collins and Mrs. Lindley. On either side of the automobile was a sign painted in large letters on white canvas: "Monk's Bride."

The procession passed through the principal streets of Jeffersonville, finally arriving at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Collins, 233 Mechanic St., between 9 and 10 o'clock. Mrs. Collins and Mrs. Lindley are sisters. Previous to her marriage last Tuesday night Mrs. Lindley won Miss Stanley Cox, of Kansas City, Mo. The wedding was at the home of her parents. Mr. and Mrs. Lindley arrived in Jeffersonville Sunday night.

The friends of Mr. Lindley yesterday began to plan what they should do to show them a "good time." Thomas J. Lindley, father of the bridegroom, was let into the secret and said he was in for anything. Then it was decided to arrest the bridegroom and carry out the programme that followed.

Patrolmen Robert Gleason and August Hutt were detailed to arrest Mr. Lindley. Previous to going to the home of Mr. and Mrs. Collins, where Mr. and Mrs. Lindley were, Patrolman Gleason made out a warrant. This was an alleged charge of kidnapping Miss Cox, and in part read:

"You are commanded to arrest forthwith Frank Lindley, who did, October 7, 1915, at the city of Kansas City, in the State of Missouri, take, steal and carry away the person and body of Miss Stanley Cox and bring her to the city of Jeffersonville contrary to the statutes therein provided."

Patrolmen Gleason and Hutt went to the home of Mr. and Mrs. Collins and it fell to the lot of the former to make the arrest. The household was at dinner and Mr. Lindley had just lifted a spoonful of ice cream to his mouth when Patrolman Gleason told him he was sorry to interrupt him, but he would have to consider himself under arrest. Mr. Lindley turned pale, but submitted.

Kissing his bride good-bye Mr. Lindley started for the police station with the officers, arriving there at 6:30 o'clock last evening. He was greeted with a display of red fire, placed in a cell and kept there until his bride and her friends arrived at 8:30 o'clock. Later the trip through the principal streets was begun, Mr. Lindley being game through the ordeal. So was his wife.

Mr. Lindley is a member of one of Jeffersonville's leading families, his father, Thomas J. Lindley, being the owner of a large hardware, seed, implement and lumber business. Mr. Lindley and his bride curtailed their bridal trip to come to Jeffersonville to be present Thursday evening at the marriage of the bridegroom's sister, Miss Clara Estelle Lindley, to David V. Brubeck, of New Albany.

The bridegroom is a "good fellow" and has engaged in many such pranks as that of last night. During his stay of two hours in jail he was visited by scores of friends.

For Indigestion.

Never take pepsin and preparations containing pepsin or other digestive ferments for indigestion, as the more you take the more you will have to take. What is needed is a tonic like hamberlain's Tablets that will enable the stomach to perform its functions naturally. Obtainable everywhere.

Foreigners Can Show us Something in the Use of Building Material.

Just as American cities first learned from Europe the value of creosoted wood blocks for street paving, so may the American farmer learn a lesson from rural Europe in the use of creosoted wood for farm buildings. In times of peace England, France, Germany and Italy consume enormous quantities of American timber, principally Southern yellow pine, much of which is creosoted and employed in building farm structures. The Europeans have discovered that the Southern pine, impregnated with creosote by modern methods, is

practically impervious to decay, making the most economical of building materials, even though the first cost is necessarily much higher there than in this country. Much of the rural building abroad, especially on large estates in England, is done under blanket maintenance contracts, and the large construction companies working under such condition employ creosoted Southern pine (or "pitch pine," as it is called over there) almost exclusively, because of its enduring qualities.

Another virtue of the treated wood is that the creosote with which it is impregnated is a powerful disinfectant and repellent of vermin and insects. Stables, barns, hog-houses and other farm buildings of creosoted pine not only are sanitary, but the animals occupying such structures are freed of the annoyance of fleas, gnats, and vermin of all kinds. Rats and mice have a strong aversion to the smell and the taste of creosote oil, and will not inhabit a structure of wood treated with the preservative.

There is a growing demand for creosoted lumber and building material in this country, and the market is already such that treated pine and other woods are available everywhere. Sooner or later American farmers generally will come to appreciate the value of creosoted wood for use on the farm.

Your Cough Can be Stopped.

Using care to avoid draughts, exposure, sudden changes, and taking a treatment of Dr. King's New Discovery, will positively relieve, and in time will surely rid you of your cough. The first dose soothes the irritation, eases your cough, which stops in a short time. Dr. King's New Discovery has been used successfully for 45 years and is guaranteed to cure you. Money back if it fails. Get a bottle from your Druggist; it costs only a little and will help you so much.

Stanley Against the County Unit

When we were working to rid the twenty-odd counties of this State last year of whiskey throughout the county unit law Stanley's influence was thrown against us. During that hot campaign where did he ever raise his voice for our side? Name the time and place. He had a chance to show that he was for the county unit law, but he is really not for it. Take his whole political career if you please and find where he has ever been on our side. You can look up his records through in his own county and in Kentucky and at Washington and you will have no trouble in seeing he has been with the liquor people. Think of his rushing back to Washington to speak against the Webb-Kenyon bill that has done so much good for this country to keep whisky out of dry territory. He said the bill was unconstitutional but no court in the land has said such a thing. How he wished it would have been unconstitutional! How can a conscientious temperance man vote for a man like that? We should not have any trouble in deciding whom to vote for in a crisis like this with men whose platforms are clearly defined.

IN STERLING LIVES A GIRL

Who Suffered As Many Girls Do—Tells How She Found Relief.

Sterling, Conn.—"I am a girl of 22 years and I used to faint away every month and was very weak. I was also bothered a lot with female weakness. I read your little book 'Wisdom for Women,' and I saw how others had been helped by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and decided to try it, and it has made me feel like a new girl and I am now relieved of all these troubles. I hope all young girls will get relief as I have. I never felt better in my life."—Mrs. JOHN TETREAULT, Box 116, Sterling, Conn.

Massena, N. Y.—"I have taken Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and I highly recommend it. If anyone wants to write to me I will gladly tell her about my case. I was certainly in a bad condition as my blood was all turning to water. I had pimples on my face and a bad color, and for five years I had been troubled with suppression. The doctors called it 'Anemia and Exhaustion,' and said I was all run down, but Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound brought me out all right."—Miss LAVINA MYERS, Box 74, Massena, N. Y.

Young Girls, Heed This Advice.

Girls who are troubled with painful or irregular periods, backache, headache, dragging-down sensations, fainting spells or indigestion, should immediately seek restoration to health by taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Planting Bulbs.

If you would have rich beds of tulips or give the beds or the corners of your lawn a beautiful spring like yellow or white glow of narcissus, daffodil, and jonquil, you must begin to think of the early spring appearance of your garden in the fall, for the bulbs of these flowers must be planted in the fall before the ground is frozen. In fact, this work should be undertaken as soon as or before an early frost has begun to make the annual flowers in the beds look weakened. In dealing with narcissus, which is the family to which the daffodil and jonquil belong, it might be well to think of trying to naturalize the narcissus to grow and blossom on the lawn much as do the wild flowers. How to plant and handle the bulbs, as well as the best method of getting them to become spring residents of grassy corners, are described in the following directions issued by the bulb specialists of the department.

These bulbs should be planted in light, rich soil that has been to a depth of at least 10 inches. The tulip bulbs should be set 5 inches apart and 4 inches deep and the narcissus bulbs about 10 inches apart and 5 inches deep.

If they are to be grown in pots or window boxes, light, rich soil should be used. Place 1 to 2 inches of cinders or broken pots in the bottom of the pots or boxes to insure good drainage. After planting, place the pots or boxes out of doors and cover them with about 4 inches of ashes or sand; or they may be placed in a dark cool room or cellar for a few weeks until the bulbs have formed a quantity of roots. They may then be brought into the light and heat for flowering. Keep the soil well moistened from time to time of planting, but avoid overmoistening, for if kept too wet the bulbs will decay.

If planted in beds, the surface of the soil should be loosened after each rain and the bed kept from weeds. In the late fall or early winter months, it is well to cover the beds with a light mulch of straw or leaves to prevent injury to the young roots from the alternate freezing and thawing of the soil. This mulch should be gradually removed in the spring, as soon as growth appears above ground. The bulbs are quite hardy and are not injured by severe cold if the soil is well drained.

Tulip and narcissus plants are perennial, and if given proper care and grown under suitable soil and climate conditions will increase and multiply from year to year. The bulbs may remain in the ground two or three years, or until the clumps begin to crowd. After blossoming in the spring, from six to eight weeks should elapse to allow the foliage to die partially down, when the bulbs may be lifted with a spade or fork.

Shake the soil from the roots and store the bulbs in a cool, shady place where they will ripen and cure. When the old leaves and roots are thoroughly dry they may be easily rubbed off and the clusters of bulbs divided. The bulbs may then be planted in the same manner as the original bulbs. In this way the stock may be increased in a few years.

The narcissus often becomes naturalized when planted in the sod or partial shade where it will continue to grow, blossom, and multiply for many years without further attention. Simply make a small hole in the soil 5 or 6 inches deep, insert the bulb pointed end up, press the soil over the top and nature will do the rest.

For naturalizing, avoid planting in rows or rigid geometric figures. A good plan is to scatter the bulbs like seed and plant where they fall. This method of planting is extensively followed in the home grounds and parks of England and other countries in Europe. In portions of North Carolina, on large estates along the James river in Virginia, and in old gardens in New England narcissus that were planted over half a century ago are still growing vigorously and every spring produce beautiful displays of blossoms.

Recommends Chamberlain's Cough Remedy.

"Last winter I used a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for a bad bronchial cough. I felt its beneficial effect immediately and before I had finished the bottle I was cured. I never tire of recommending this remedy to my friends," writes Mrs. William Bright, Ft. Wayne, Ind. Obtainable everywhere.

Facing an Awkward Situation.

It is announced that two weeks prior to the beginning of the winter session of Congress, the first Monday in December, a large number of the members of the Free-Trade majority will show up in Washington for consultation regarding action to be taken on the Tariff. No small part of the real purpose of this preliminary conference has reference to the attitude of President Wilson. Undoubtedly

a strenuous effort will be made to induce him to recede from his unwillingness to open up the Tariff question. It seems that he has been won over to the program of suspending the free sugar provision of the Underwood law. His assent is due to the imperative need of revenue and in no way to a consideration of the ruinous consequences of free sugar to the domestic cane and beet growers. As to that, he remains a radical, unrelenting, merciless Free-Trader. Can he keep it up? Can he stand out against the pressure of his own party leaders?

The Senators and Representatives who are to take counsel in Washington a fortnight before the winter session begins are not to be counted upon so surely as heretofore to stand by the President's iron-bound Free-Trade policy. They have heard from their constituents. They have sensed the fact that the country is intensely satisfied with the workings of the Free-Trade Tariff and that some concession must be made to that sentiment. There is an election next year. All of the Free-Trade Representatives and one-third of the Free-Trade Senators want to "come back." Naturally they want that much more than they want to stand by the stubborn schoolmaster of the White House.

President Wilson bossed his party in the framing of the Underwood Tariff. It was he and he alone (excepting Bryan his chief adviser), who insisted upon the wool and free sugar and jammed them through in spite of the wiser opinions of the majorities in Senate and House. Free sugar has given the administration a black eye. Free wool, owing to exceptional and ephemeral conditions, has not yet caused so deep a coloration of the presidential optic.

At best the President and his Free-Trade followers in Congress face an awkward situation. What with the imperative need of more revenue and the rapidly growing belief that a fully protective Tariff is going to be imperatively needed after the close of the European war, the outlook for harmony and comfort in the councils of Free Trade is far from reassuring.

Is Sickness A Sin?

If not, it's wicked to neglect illness and means of relief. It's wicked to endure Liverills, Headache, Indigestion, Constipation, when one dose of Po-Do-Lax is Podophyllin (May Apple), without the gripe. It arouses the Liver, increases the flow of bile—Nature's antiseptic in the Bowels. Your Constipation and other ills disappear over-night because Po-Do-Lax has helped Nature to remove the cause. Get a bottle from your Druggist to-day. Get rid of your Constipation overnight.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and for the last few years it has appeared to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven Catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Highs Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally. It acts directly on the blood and nervous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials.

Address: F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Coal Mines of the United States Employ Nearly Million Men.

A greater number of men were employed in the coal-mining industry in the United States in 1914 than ever before. According to C. E. Leshner, of the United States Geological Survey, the total number of employees in both anthracite and bituminous mines for the first time exceeded three-quarters of a million. This record was made without sacrifice of efficiency, for although the average number of days worked in the bituminous mines was the smallest since 1896, except only 1908, and the average output per man for the year was the lowest in 5 years, the average daily production by each employee in 1914 was the highest on record in bituminous coal mining. This record is to be attributed not so much to the better character of the labor as to improved mining methods and the increased application of scientific management.

The number of men employed in the coal mines of the United States in 1914 was 763,155, of which number 179,679 were engaged in mining anthracite and 583,506 in mining bituminous coal and lignite. The average number of days of employment of each man was 207 for the United States, 195 for bituminous and lignite, and 245 for anthracite.

In the bituminous mines the yearly average decreased from 837 tons in 1913 to 724 tons in 1914. The daily average increased from 3.61 to 3.71 tons.

The average time made at the anthracite mines in 1914 was exceeded only by the records of 1911 (246 days) and 1913 (257 days).

The average yearly production of anthracite by each employee decreased from 520 short tons in 1913 to

Idle Funds Represent Lost Interest

If you had a machine that you could operate at a good profit day in and day out, would you not count us a loss the time it stood idle?

Your money is a good money-making machine. Invested in our certificates of deposit or on saving account, it earns interest every day of the week, every week of the month and every month of the year.

Remember, we give you absolute security and pay you the best rate of interest.

Central Trust Company
Cor. 4th and Frederick.

KNOWN EVERYWHERE as the SAFE and RELIABLE BANK

Vanderbilt Training School for Boys ELKTON, KY.

Will help parents develop their sons into the best type of citizens and Christian gentlemen. Its patronage is widely scattered and comes from the best homes in the South. Its capacity is limited, therefore, reservations should be made early. Place your son in this select group of boys. Write

MATHENY & BATT

For catalogue and information, Box A.



Rifles and Cartridges for Your Big Game Hunt

JUST as soon as game became scarce enough to make men critical about their rifles, sportsmen in every community got to demanding Remington-UMC.

The demand for Remington-MC Big Game Rifles and Remington Metallic Cartridges has been growing ever since.

The Remington-UMC Dealer here in this community is the man to go to. He knows what's happening in the sport today. You'll know him by the Red Ball Mark of Remington-UMC—and his store is Sportsmen's Headquarters.

Sold by your home dealer and 3095 other leading merchants in Kentucky

Remington Arms-Union Metallic Cartridge Co., Woolworth Bldg. (233 B'way) N. Y. City

A MODERN SCHOOL Ladies' and Men's Garments

French Dry Cleaned and Pressed in a Superior Manner.

Send us your Garments and Have Them

CLEANED CLEAN

Packages called for and delivered.

THE ELITE PRESSING CLUB

A. Iva Nall, Prop.

HARTFORD, KENTUCKY.

505 tons in 1914, owing to the fewer days worked. The daily output per man was 2.06 tons, a slight gain as compared with 2.02 tons in 1913.

House and Lot For Sale.

We have for sale a lot containing

an acre in old Fair ground ad-

dition to the site with 5 room cot-

age, good barn and all buildings.

Price \$1,500.00.

Would be a fine location for some

one desiring to take advantage of

County High School. Terms reason-

able.

BARNETT & SON,

Hartford Republican.

Edited according to law at the Postoffice Hartford, Ky., as mail matter of the second class.

C. M. BARNETT, Editor & Proprietor

Address all communications to
The Hartford Republican.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS

Advertisers desiring the paper sent to a new address must give the old address in making the request.

Business Letters and Notices Desirous and 5c per line for each additional insertion.

Obituaries, Resolutions and Card of Thanks 10c per line, money is advance.

Church Notices for services free, but other advertisements 5c per line.

Anonymous communications will receive no attention.

TELEGRAPHIC.

Cumberland 12c

Farmers' Natural 2c

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 22.



REPUBLICAN TICKET.

For Governor—Edwin P. Morrow.

For Lieutenant Governor—Lewis L. Walker.

For Secretary of State—James P. Lewis.

For Auditor of Public Accounts—Edward A. Weber.

For State Treasurer—Wm. A. Hunter.

For Clerk Court of Appeals—Earl C. Huntsman.

For Attorney General—T. B. McGregor.

For Superintendent of Public Instruction—R. P. Green.

For Commissioner of Agriculture, Labor and Statistics—William C. Mann.

For R. R. Commissioner—C. M. Barnett.

For Circuit Judge—R. W. Slack.

For Commonwealth's Attorney—C. D. Smith.

For State Senator—Albert Leach.

For Representative—L. L. Embry.

For Circuit Court Clerk—Wallace H. Riley.

It is not strange, now, that the President found out how he stood on woman suffrage.

Anyhow, the ultimate consumer ran a chance of going to jail, if he tried to get free sugar.

Now that the Allies got that loan they were after, wish they would tell some of us poor fellows how they did it.

How can anyone vote to give Barksdale Hamlett another office when he has been exposed grafting off the old school teachers.

It is a bad time to go to Louisville. The daily papers teem with accounts of robberies. It is always so, when the Police force is called upon to look after an election.

Judge Glenn showed by figures, during the primary campaign, that 65 per cent of Judge Birkhead's decisions were reversed. Not much saving to the tax payers to continue such a Judge for a third term.

They are getting ready for that campaign special, without Bryan. As well run a Stanley special, without liquor. We will wager n' giner cake that the first stop the special makes, some fool will cry out "where is Bryan?"

Mr. Kaltbacher, who writes the rosy side of the campaign for Stanley in the Louisville Times, has run the Democratic majority up to about 150,000. It looks now as though he might just draw his pencil through the Republican vote, about election eve, and destroy it entirely.

Judge W. P. Sandage, of Owensboro, Attorney for the I. C. Railroad Attorney, for the L. & N. Railroad, and Attorney for the L. H. & St. L. Railroad, spoke at Centertown Tuesday afternoon and at Beaver Dam at night, in the interest of the election to third terms of Judge Birkhead and Commonwealth's Attorney Ringo.

In his canvass of Ohio county last week, with Attorney C. E. Smith, Judge Slack, Republican nominee for Circuit Judge met with hearty encouragement in all parts of the county. Opposition to a third term was bringing to his aid a large number

of Democrats. He is regarded by our people as first class timber in every way for the position.

News dispatchers tell us that last Saturday President Wilson, with his fiancee and consorts, motored to Harper's Ferry, Virginia, and were entertained in a "negro hotel." Now if this suited the President, it suits us, but what would our Democratic friend have said, if a Republican President had done such a thing? You know they would have raised a howl a mile high, from one end of this country to the other.

We predicted that Morrow would make the best campaigner the Republicans ever nominated for Governor in Kentucky. Our predictions have been amply verified. He has proven a wonder on the stump and has kept his opponent in the defensive from the beginning. Mr. Stanley's every speech has been a defense and not once has he proposed any plan for the relief of the enormous State debt or for better internal conditions.

After jerryandering the legislative districts in Kentucky so that it takes six citizens in a Republican district to equal one in a Democratic district, thus leaving "nothing to chance" in carrying a majority of the General Assembly, unless overtaken by a regular landslide. Some Democratic speakers and papers are urging the election of Stanley and his ticket so that the State officers and legislative will be in accord politically. Having maintained a great wrong for years, the voters are asked to select State officers to fit the wrong. In other words they are asked to "compound a felony."

More than a month ago Senator James went to Washington, it was said, to induce the President to speak in Kentucky this fall for Stanley and the State ticket. It was given out that Mr. Wilson would not consent to speak but would do the next best thing—he would write a letter. No letter has come. At least none has been given out. In the mean time Stanley, James and the longer lights have been going over the State appealing to the Democrats to vote her straight, Stanley Hamlett et al., and thus uphold the President's hands. The President don't seem to care a continental whether Kentucky upholds his hands or not. It seems that his hands are held up at home.

It reports be true, some persons in the city of Owensboro are headed for the Federal Penitentiary. An article published in the Owensboro Messenger states that one Mr. Hewell, Democratic campaign chairman has made arrangements for "armed police" to be at the polls on election day to make arrests of voters whom the Democratic challengers do not think have a right to vote. There will be a way found to get violators of the rights of the voter, even in this election, before the Federal court, and it may be well for some Owensboro folks to remember that among the prominent citizens of Terre Haute, Ind., who are now serving time in a Federal prison are a mayor, Chief of police, Circuit Judge, District Attorney and Campaign Chairman, he sides about 80 persons not so prominent.

As usual the Hartford Herald is unfortunate in its attempted defense of its candidates. This week it undertook to defend Barksdale Hamlett's graft of a \$5,000 fee on each old school teacher who applies for a life certificate, by publishing what it claims is the law in the case. It publishes the wrong law, either ignorantly or purposely. The special act passed by the last Legislature granted to old school teachers who may apply for life certificates, a certificate without any fee whatever. And in fact both Messrs. Hamlett and Gilbert have recognized that fact by returning checks to a number of these old school teachers from whom they had collected the five dollar fee. The law quoted by the Hartford Herald is one which provides for examinations of teachers for State certificates and where examinations are held a fee of five dollars may be charged, which is to be divided among three examiners. The fees collected by Mr. Hamlett were unauthorized, and he knows that they were unauthorized, and would doubtless pay the Hartford Herald or any other paper a good sum of money to furnish him a sure enough defense for his conduct.

JUDGE GOT THEM REVIEWED. On Friday night before the judicial district primary on Saturday, the following day, Judge J. S. Glenn had an appointment to speak in the court house, in Owensboro. His opponent, Judge Birkhead was invited and he spoke. They had debated about voting in Ohio county, where on each occasion Judge Birkhead had been treated with the greatest consideration and courtesy. Not

so had a voice been raised in any audience to disturb or embarrass him in any manner.

On this occasion, when Judge Glenn was speaking, in Owensboro, he was jeered, booted and hissed so that he could not proceed, not once but many times. This was the home of his opponent, Judge Birkhead, who only once, in a very perfunctory manner, requested the audience to accord Judge Glenn common decency.

Immediately after the speaking three well known Ohio Democratic farmers were standing on the street across from the court house, when a gang of hoodlums, representing a part of the men who had tried to hurl Judge Glenn down, came along. The leader said, "Come on boys and get your pay for what you did over at the meeting," and they all fled to a nearby saloon on Frederick street. Two of the men related this occurrence to the writer, and told of the presence of the third one. They are all men whose word is as good as gold, and they do not live in Hart-

Shoes for ALL Purposes!

Young or old—or in between—your feet can be shod with the right kind of shoes at this store.

If It's the Heavy,

Sturdy variety that your every-day business requires to give you protection and comfort, and that will give you satisfactory service, we can fill the bill.

If It's a Dress Shoe

that you need, we have Gun Metal Calf, Velour Calf, Vici Kid, and Patent Leather, made over a variety of up-to-the-minute lasts that encompass all of the leading style features of the season.

Our School Shoes

for boys and girls in Box Calf, Gun Metal Calf and Patent Leather are just what the children need, and they will be pleased with their comfort and appearance.

QUEEN QUALITY
the Shoe of Shoes
for Women

We must show you
Our Shoes
for all the family.

KING QUALITY
the Shoe of Shoes
for Men.

E. P. Barnes & Bro. BEAVER DAM, KY.

mistrusted Judge Glenn on the same night during a debate with Judge Birkhead. That is the charge which we have printed, and how has the Herald answered it? By suggesting that Mr. Slack, Republican nominee for Circuit Judge, is an attorney for whiskey houses in Owensboro and also at one time manager for the Monarch Distilling Company. Is that answered the question heretofore asked? We do not know whether Mr. Slack is attorney for a whiskey house or not, but we do know that there is not an attorney in this judicial district, including the lawyer editor of the Herald, who would turn down a fee from a whiskey house in a lawsuit. If Mr. Slack was manager for the Monarch Distilling Company at one time, we presume it was before he became a lawyer, and also before he became a Republican candidate. However, if the Herald will make such a charge against Mr. Slack has been made against Judge Birkhead, we guarantee that that gentleman will furnish an answer.

The Herald again refers to some use of whiskey at Rosine and Shreve on the eve of the primary election, and drunken free-for-all fights engaged in there. Why didn't your candidates for Circuit Judge and Commonwealth's Attorney, who now hold those offices, instruct the Ohio County grand jury to investigate these alleged conditions at Shreve and Rosine, if they occurred? Did you request them to do so? This is a serious reflection upon them and comes from your own pencil and not through a "Campaign Sheet" or from an editor who has his headgear on upside-down. If someone had whiskey in a railroad cut with which to debase the primary, why don't you give the names, or have the facts investigated by the grand jury? The misconduct alleged to have taken place at Shreve and Rosine may have been the result of Birkhead and Ringo liquor, and it is reasonably presumed it was, or they would have asked the grand jury to investigate the matter. We know nothing of the liquor in the railroad cut except the vague hints that come from the Herald, and as there were many candidates both in

the Democratic primary as well as recite a little recent local history as explanatory. Mr. Stanley and Mr. Franks held a joint debate several years ago in which Mr. Franks skinned him alive and hung his hide on the fence. The joint debate was humiliating to Mr. Stanley's supporters and himself and having felt the weight of Mr. Franks ability his resentment followed and knowing Mr. Franks' character to be beyond attack affected to deride his scholarship. He may have raised a doubt as to Franks profound study of Shakespeare but left absolutely none that Stanley was an ignoramus on the commonest of the little stories. Owensboro News.

Card of Thanks to Hartford People. It is with the deepest appreciation and tenderest love that we would thank the people of Hartford for their love, hospitality and kindness to our sweet girl, Edna Louis, during her stay in Hartford and after her return home.

Edna loved you. One of her happiest delights was to tell of a pleasant scene or action which took place in "Hartford Town." Even during her most serious illness her heart and mind were with you.

After enduring most patiently, many weeks of pain and suffering, caused by malignant tumor, Edna said, "Mary, we have an invitation from Lucille Taylor."

It was but little more than a day when Edna accepted Lucille's invitation and responded to it with a smile.

The Herald again refers to some use of whiskey at Rosine and Shreve on the eve of the primary election, and drunken free-for-all fights engaged in there. Why didn't your candidates for Circuit Judge and Commonwealth's Attorney, who now hold those offices, instruct the Ohio County grand jury to investigate these alleged conditions at Shreve and Rosine, if they occurred? Did you request them to do so? This is a serious reflection upon them and comes from your own pencil and not through a "Campaign Sheet" or from an editor who has his headgear on upside-down. If someone had whiskey in a railroad cut with which to debase the primary, why don't you give the names, or have the facts investigated by the grand jury? The misconduct alleged to have taken place at Shreve and Rosine may have been the result of Birkhead and Ringo liquor, and it is reasonably presumed it was, or they would have asked the grand jury to investigate the matter. We know nothing of the liquor in the railroad cut except the vague hints that come from the Herald, and as there were many candidates both in

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NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS!

As required by the law, the taxpayers must meet the Sheriff at his衙门 and pay their tax. Also after this round we are required to garnish or levy unpaid poll tax.

Or one of my deputies will meet you at the following places indicated. Saturday, Oct. 23—Prentiss, Rockport.

Tuesday, Oct. 26—Bell's Run.

Wednesday, Oct. 27—Butord

morning, Friday, afternoon.

Thursday, Oct. 28—Melin.

Saturday, Oct. 30—Dundee.

Tuesday, Nov. 2—Centertown.

Thursday, Nov. 4—Matanzas, Rockport.

Friday, Nov. 5—Smallhouse, morning.

Saturday, Nov. 6—Cerroville, afternoon.

Monday, Nov. 8—Arnold.

Tuesday, Nov. 9—Select.

Wednesday, Nov. 11—Narrows.

Saturday, Nov. 13—Fordsdale, Slidell.

Remember six per cent penalty.

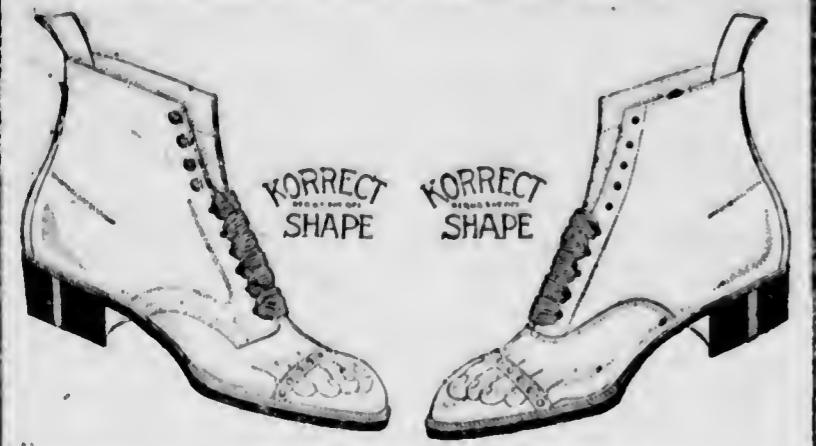
Interest and cost will be added December 1st. Please don't wait till last day.

S. O. KEOWN, Sheriff Ohio Co.

Notice.

All persons having claims against the estate of J. W. Coleman, deceased, of Findico will present same to L. M. Arbuckle, C. C. Wall, or on or before Nov. 10, 1916.

L. M. ARBUCKLE.



Good Roads Movement!

A splendid movement, one that should interest all of us; a greater movement and one that comes direct to every family in Ohio. Ohio county is the

Good Shoe Movement!

We believe in good roads; we also believe in good SHOES, the kind we buy from reliable factories, and that's why folks that are after good shoes come to us.

The slush and mud of winter is on. Cast your eyes around at other shoe stocks, then come to us. We will show you quality, wear and style at a VERY, VERY low price. Remember this, and also that

It Pays to Trade With a House That Saves You Money!

FARR & CO.
THE FAIR DEALERS

Hartford Republican.

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 22.

L. H. & ST. L. R. R. TIME TABLE.

No. 113 due at Ellimitch 8:32 p.m.	7tf
No. 110 due at Ellimitch 7:30 a.m.	
No. 112 Lv. Ellimitch . . . 3:40 p.m.	
Ar. Irvington . . . 5:25 p.m.	
Lv. Irvington . . . 5:56 p.m.	
Ar. Louisville . . . 7:40 p.m.	
No. 111 Lv. Louisville . . . 8:35 a.m.	
Ar. Irvington . . . 10:06 a.m.	
Lv. Irvington . . . 10:40 a.m.	
Ar. Ellimitch . . . 1:04 p.m.	

M. H. & E. R. R. TIME TABLE.

South Bound, No. 115—	
Due at Hartford. 8:45 a.m.	
North Bound, No. 114—	
Due at Hartford. 6:15 p.m.	
(Both "Mixed Trains.)	

For American wire fence, call on U. S. Carson.

For Ship Stuff and feeding Oats see Acton Bros.

Mr. Smith Hoover will arrive today to visit relatives.

Rubber Roofing and Paint can be had at Acton Bros.

Rev. H. W. Napier is visiting friends in Nashville.

Mr. Rowan Holbrook spent the week end at Louisville.

Mrs. H. F. Tichenor returned Monday from Bowling Green.

Born to Dr. and Mrs. E. W. Ford a fine boy, yesterday morning.

Ellis Milling Co. guarantees every sack of their Blue Ribbon Flour.

You can get the best meal in Hartford at Kelly's Restaurant for 25 cents.

To keep warm and save fuel buy you a Hot Blast Heater from Acton Bros.

Capt. J. M. DeWeese and Dr. DeWeese were in town Tuesday and Wednesday.

For Cook Stoves, Ranges, Coal Heaters, Wood Heaters and Grates call on Acton Bros.

Farmers, bring your wheat to the Ellis Milling Co.'s mill and get some of the best flour made.

The Green Front is the place to do your trading in the grocery line. Nothing old or out of date.

The new motion picture show is now complete. The first show will be tonight. You are invited to come. Admission free to everybody.

where he will be glad to meet all his old customers and many new ones. He is now fixed to give a square meal at a reasonable price. 1414

Mr. Roy Bennett, who is an old friend of all the young men around town, is here for a few days visit. Mr. Bennett after finishing the school of journalism of the University of Missouri neceperated a position on a daily paper at Cartage, Mo. He has been at that place for the past two years.

Thomas J. Smith Dead—Well beloved citizen.

Mr. Thomas J. Smith died quite suddenly at his residence last Thursday about 5 o'clock p.m. He had returned from his farm about noon the same day and was stricken while unsaddling his horse. He was hurriedly carried into the house and physicians called, but it was soon seen that it was only a question of a short time before death would ensue.

After funeral services conducted by Rev. P. E. Gatin, of Fulton, Ky., assisted by Rev. H. W. Napier, at the Baptist church at 3:30 o'clock Friday afternoon, the Masons took charge of the remains and he was given a Masonic burial in Oakwood cemetery.

The deceased was born September 10, 1835, and was therefore 80 years, 1 month and 4 days old when death claimed him. He was united in marriage to Miss Nancy Ellen Norris, February 21, 1857. To this union were given six children, three of whom preceded him many years ago. His wife, likewise preceded him about three years. She too, was called suddenly. The deceased left three daughters surviving—Mrs. S. P. Render, of Oklahoma City, Okla., Mrs. A. W. Bennett, of Ft. Scott, Kan., and Miss Willye Smith, at home. Mrs. Render and Mrs. Bennett, who were summoned by wire, reached Hartford Friday before time for the funeral.

Honorary pallbearers were: J. E. Fogle, J. W. Ford, E. P. Moore, J. C. Riley, J. P. Sanderfur and Geo. W. Hunger. Active pallbearers: Rowan Holbrook, R. B. Martin, E. G. Barras, W. S. Thrusley, Judge John H. Wilson and Wayne Stevens.

Mr. Smith, aside from being one of Ohio county's most prosperous farmers, was elected as Sheriff in 1872 and served in this capacity two terms. He was likewise elected as County Court Clerk for this county in 1882 and served two terms, after which he was elected as Representative and served one term in the lower house, declining to offer for the second term. He likewise served as doorkeeper in the lower house of Congress during Cleveland's second term.

The deceased had been a member of the Baptist church for over a quarter of a century and was one of Ohio county's best citizens.

I have 40 acres of good pasture for rent. Just across the river on the Owenton pike. R. B. MARTIN.

W. E. Ellis & Bro. have three piles of Clover Seed and other field seeds to sell at reasonable prices.

Mr. and Mrs. Martin and children of Owenton were the guests of Mr. Ino. B. Wilson and family Sunday.

Mrs. J. A. Bennett spent a few days with her daughter, Mrs. Fleetwood Ward near Alexander last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Paul Woodward will leave in a short time for Louisville where they will reside in the future.

The Green Front Grocery is making friends with every body who needs fresh clean and wholesome groceries.

Mr. D. S. Smith of Owenton, visited relatives here for a few days after the funeral of his brother, Mr. T. J. Smith.

For good fresh groceries call at the Green Front, and see your old friend Estill Thomas. Otherwise "Pup" Thomas.

Hartford Chapter No. 84 O. E. S. will meet at 2:30 Monday, Oct. 25th. All members are urged to attend.

Mrs. Annie Barnett, W. M.

The new motion picture show is now complete. The first show will be tonight. You are invited to come. Admission free to everybody.

When you leave the Green Front Grocery after calling for something they didn't have, you can bet your life they will have it next time you call.

Did you know that the fresh, bright inviting appearance of a right new grocery can be made permanent? Watch Pup Thomas do it. The Green Front.

Mr. F. L. Felix and family will leave in a short time for Louisville where they will spend the winter.

Mrs. Fehr who has been the guest of her daughter, Mrs. Schlemmer will return to her home at Cannonton Saturday.

Kelly Riley has moved his restaurant from his old stand to Cannonton Street.

The new motion picture show is now complete. The first show will be tonight. You are invited to come. See the Green Front.

BIRKHEAD AND RINGO INSTRUCT GRAND JURY

Full Report of Their Denunciation of Bribery in Election.

In empanelling the grand jury last Monday Judge Birkhead, during the course of his instructions to that body made the following impressive remarks on the subject of the use of money and whiskey in elections and the bribery of voters:

After funeral services conducted by Rev. P. E. Gatin, of Fulton, Ky., assisted by Rev. H. W. Napier, at the Baptist church at 3:30 o'clock Friday afternoon, the Masons took charge of the remains and he was given a Masonic burial in Oakwood cemetery.

Mr. Ringo also spoke as follows on the horrible crime of vote buying pledging himself in the same way to "put behind the bars" anyone guilty of violation of the election laws:

These reports are verbatim and we understand are the same instructions given to the grand juries in Daviess, Hancock and McLean counties since the August primary on the subject of bribery in elections. Our readers will notice how vigorous and with what strong words these "honorable gentlemen" denounce to the "good" grand jury the horrible use of money and liquor to influence and postpone the electorate and how they demand a thorough investigation in order that the law may be vindicated and upheld, if violated.

We invite a careful study of these instructions given by both Judge Birkhead and Attorney Ringo, remembering all the time that they were candidates in the late primary against Mr. Glenn and Mr. Tanner and that it is charged that they put into the campaign thousands of dollars and that by the use of money they secured this nomination. In addition Mr. Tanner filed a petition in court at Owenton, in which he charged that Mr. Ringo was not the lawful nominee, but that he had secured his certificate by fraud and bribery and that a recount of the ballots would have changed the result. Mr. Ringo avoided a recount and the evidence by taking advantage of a technicality.

New Coal Mine.

To our friends and the public we have opened up a 6ft. vein of fine quality coal on the Taylor lands, 1 1/4 miles east of Beaver Dam, on Cromwell road, are now prepared to fill orders for block, lump and nut coal. Teams from Hartford will turn left at Cromwell road and look for finger board at Brown farm.

Have a quality of rusty coal from mine opening will sell cheap.

We respectfully ask your patronage.

1314 NEIGHBOR BROS.

Woman's Suffrage Defeated.

In the election Tuesday in New Jersey on the question of woman suffrage, "votes for women" was overwhelmingly defeated. The majority will be between 50,000 and 60,000 only one county being carried by the suffragettes. The support of the amendment by Pres. Wilson does not seem to have added much weight of that side and his own voting precinct went 2 to 1 against him.

To Our Customers.

We have sent the rolls from our flour-mill to be reconditioned and will supply our customers with flour as long as our stock holds out. Hope to have mill in operation by Oct. 15th.

Will be prepared to make better flour than ever before.

Hub Clothing Company



"THE 'GOOD FEEL' TO OUR SHOES WILL PLEASE YOU WHEN YOU FIRST SLIP THEM ON. THEY WILL KEEP ON FEELING GOOD WHEN YOU WEAR THEM. AND YOU'LL WEAR THEM A LONG TIME AND BE SATISFIED. WE SELL GOOD SHOES."

"OUR SHOE STYLES WILL 'STRIKE' YOU WHEN YOU FIRST GLANCE AT THEM. THEY WILL MAKE YOUR FOOT LOOK SMALLER. YOU CAN ALSO BUY OUR GOOD, STYLISH SHOES FOR A SMALL PRICE."

CARSON & CO.

INCORPORATED.

Hartford, Kentucky.

A Car Load of WIRE FENCE AT A BARGAIN!

Our special on 48 in. fence, 12 in. stay, 27c Rod
" " " 32 in. " 12 in. " 22c "
" " " 48 in. " 6 in. " 33c "
" " " 26 in. " 6 in. " 24c "

Any one buying 100 rods and over, 1 cent extra off on above prices. All other heights of fence at prices in proportion to prices given. This sale lasts 60 days only. Come at once.

Williams & Fentress, BEAYER DAM, KY.



Don't get excited over passing events. Attend to business. That's what we are doing.

Maybe you need a sweater for outdoor sports or for more practical wear. You can be suited here.

Then maybe you need any one or more of a dozen other men's furnishings that we sell. Buy here and save money.

1314 NEIGHBOR BROS.

13

REPUBLICAN PLATFORM.

The Republican party in Kentucky in convention assembled adopts the following platform:

(1) We approve the policies of the National Republican party in providing for the defenses of our coasts against foreign invasion, and the protection of American industry against the pauper labor of foreign countries without imposing unnecessary or unjust burdens upon the consumer. We favor the nomination for the Presidency of a candidate who is in accord with those policies, and is *opposite* of the spirit which is required by ever changing conditions.

(2) We condemn the inefficiency of the administration at Washington, and its tariff law and its tax in times of peace, which have resulted in the closing of factories, the stagnation of business and the enforced idleness of millions of workmen.

We demand the redistricting of Kentucky in legislative, senatorial, congressional and judicial districts, which shall give equal representation and equal voting power to every citizen of every district, in conformity with the plain requirements of the Constitution, and not as at present, in flagrant violation hereof.

(3) We demand the repeal of the present International primary law formed for the purpose of preventing freedom of choice to the voter, and favor the enactment of a law which shall permit *any* nominations for judicial offices without regard to the party of *any* of the candidates so that the judiciary may be chosen on non-partisan grounds, and the continuance in office of judicial public servants may be determined by no other qualification than that of *ability*.

* We favor amendment of State laws permitting and encouraging joint nominations of the same candidate by the different parties. We demand the repeal of the law providing for registration certificates imposed upon the State by the Democratic party for immoral political purposes, whereby votes in Kentucky have become negotiable instruments, passing by delivery.

(4) We demand that the public schools of the State shall be taken and kept entirely out of politics, and that the interests and welfare of the children shall have first consideration in all public school matters. We call for better schools and schoolhouses, for longer school terms in the country and better pay for the teachers.

We also favor extending the aid of the State to its institutions for higher education.

(5) There should be complete publicity concerning the expenditure of money for political campaigns, and a law should be passed for the accounting by candidates and campaign managers of all sums of money collected for political purposes.

(6) We demand the enactment of a law providing for bi-partisan control of the penal and charitable institutions, and for the abolition of contract labor, and we endorse the Constitutional Amendment providing for convict labor on public roads and highways, insofar as the same may be done without injury to free or organized labor.

(7) Realizing the influence of good roads on the economic, educational, social and religious development of the State, we pledge ourselves that the present law, introduced by a Republican, authorizing State aid, shall be carried out, and the building of permanent highways throughout the State by a system guaranteeing to the people an honest expenditure of their money, shall be encouraged.

(8) We favor further legislation for the protection of labor from unnecessary bodily injury, and we favor the enactment of a fair and equitable workmen's compensation law.

(9) We favor giving to the Railroad Commission power to regulate public utilities of the State.

(10) We favor the passage of laws which shall make effective constitutional provision against the issuance of free passage to officials.

(11) We oppose double taxation, and will favor a thorough revision of the tax laws which will equally distribute the burdens of taxation, reduce the rate and not only retain the capital now invested, but invite the investment of other capital in the State. We favor the adoption by the people of the Constitutional Amendment enlarging the power of the General Assembly on the matter of taxation, and when such additional law is passed to make it effectual only when submitted to, and approved by a majority of the people who vote upon the same. We favor such regulation by law as will consolidate assessment and collection of taxes, so that the cost of collection may be materially reduced.

(12) We condemn the enactment by the Democratic party of a large number of obnoxious laws, the creation of expensive offices and commissions and the wasteful and extravagant expenditure of money, and we promise, if given power, to repeal all such laws, to abolish superfluous offices and reduce the cost of administration to the least possible point consistent with an economical and efficient system of government.

(13) Realizing the importance to the State of the prosperity of the farmers, we heartily approve of their legal efforts to secure better prices for the products of their farms, and pledge ourselves to assist them in all legal ways.

(14) For economic, as well as humane reasons, we recommend that the State of Kentucky undertake to supplement and later to continue the work of the United States Public Health Service for the prevention of blindness from trachoma, a communicable and painful disease of the eye, from which, the last census report shows that 33,000 persons are suffering in a single section of the State.

(15) We call attention to the vast resources of our State as yet undeveloped and invite capital and labor into the State to develop such resources.

(16) Expressly reserving the right of all Republicans to vote upon the question of woman's suffrage as they see fit we favor the adoption by the next General Assembly of a resolution submitting this question to the people for decision at the election of November, 1917.

(17) The Republican party in Kentucky is responsible and deserves the credit for the county unit law. In 1907 we declared definitely for the local option law with the county as the governing unit. In 1911 we again declared for the county unit law in accordance with the Constitution.

We now declare our continued adherence to the county unit law, and we do hereby endorse the present county unit law of Kentucky, and pledge ourselves to its strict and rigid enforcement, and we favor the adoption of such amendments thereto as may be necessary to make it effective beyond question.

World Peace Fantasy Yet, Declare Speakers.
San Francisco, Oct. 12.—Count Okuma, Japanese Premier and Dr. Ng Poon Chew, a Chinese editor of San Francisco, told delegates to the International peace Congress to-day that world-peace was yet a fantasy and will be until the militaristic order of things is changed. In a message to the congress Count Okuma said there was no hope for peace "as long as there exist nations or individuals who believe or exult themselves as absolutely superior to others and to assert that superiority do not hesitate to appeal to material forces."

On the floor of the congress to-night Dr. Ng Poon Chew added to Count Okuma's statement: "There will be wars and more wars just so long as there are two codes of laws and two standards of morality, one governing nations, the other individuals," he said.

War, the doctor said was going to keep right on in one place or another. Even China was preparing. He blamed Western militarism which he said had not only parcelled China, but had destroyed her ideals of peace and he called Japan the disturber of

Clothing No Cheaper Than Before
A special correspondent of many Journal writes from Washington.

In the United States Senate, on June 5, 1914, in a discussion on the results of the Underwood Tariff bill, a colloquy was held between two leading senators as to whether the retail price of men's clothing had been reduced as a result of the reduced tariff in wool. In response to the statement by the Republican senator that he had been unable to obtain any reduction in his tailor-made clothes, the Democratic senator said:

"If the senator will just join the holy army of men that God created with such perfection of physical form that they may be fitted at a ready-made clothing store, the senator will find goods that are cheaper."

"As his statement was made in Washington, and therefore evidently referred to Washington prices, your correspondent at the capital has made an investigation. Five prominent dealers in standard makes of men's clothing—makes which have a national reputation—were asked if there had been any reduction in the price of ready made men's clothing in the last three years.

"They all said they have had to pay as much now for their clothing as before the Underwood tariff bill went into effect, hence had to charge the consumer as much now as before. They all said that the consumer pays at least as much now for the ready-made clothing as he did three years ago.

"One dealer said that the cloth used now is no better than that used before the tariff reduction; one said that the cloth is a little better, he thought. Another said that the cloth is no better and that the reduction in tariff is made up for by a little better workmanship, such as tailoring and finishing. Two said that the cloth is about the same now as then in the \$20 to \$25 suits, and that the clothes for which these prices are paid today will not give one bit better satisfaction or better service than suits bought at the same price before the Underwood tariff bill became effective.

"The fifth dealer said that he is doing a business of over \$100,000 annually in a standard brand of clothing, and that, while the prices have not been lowered, he thought the cloth used inferior now because of the scarcity of wool. Many of the wool growers, anticipating the tariff reduction, sold their sheep and many of the sheep have been used for mutation, which has decreased the number of sheep by about 9,000,000 head. All but one of the dealers said that they had noticed that the consumer had much more money to spend before the Democratic tariff became effective.

"The cloth used in a suit of clothes costing at retail \$40 or \$50 does not cost over \$5, and very probably it costs less. There is hardly a cloth used which costs over \$1 per yard, especially of the kind used in the averaged priced suit retailing from \$40 to 25. Suppose that the price of this cloth were reduced 10 per cent—which would be a very great reduction—this could not reduce the retail price of the suit more than 35 cents. With this reduction, a \$25 suit could be sold for \$24.65 if the consumer were given full benefit, but our investigation has shown that there has been no actual reduction.

"The assertion of the Democratic senator, quoted above, is therefore wide of the mark and must have been made merely for political effect. The Underwood tariff bill has utterly failed in its purpose with respect to this commodity, and there is no doubt that the same test may be successfully applied to other necessities.

A Medicine Chest For 25c.

In this chest you have an excellent remedy for Toothache, Bruises, Sprains, Stiff Neck, Backache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism and for most emergencies. One 25c. bottle of Sloan's Liniment does it all—this because these ailments are symptoms, not diseases, and are caused by congestion and inflammation. If you doubt, ask those who use Sloan's Liniment, or better still, buy a 25c. bottle and prove it. All druggists.

Farm For Sale.

150 Acres on Hartford and Rockport road, 1 1/2 miles from Broadway and 2 miles from Rockport. Schoolhouse on edge of farm and church near. Three roads pass dwelling house which is on Hartford R. F. D. No. 4. Most of land perfectly level. Any one desiring to purchase farm will do well to investigate. Price reasonable. Apply for further information to BARNETT & SON, Agents.

When Baby Has The Croup.
When mother is awakened from sound sleep to find her child who has gone to bed apparently in the best of health struggling for breath, she is naturally alarmed. Yet if she can keep her presence of mind and give Chamberlain's Cough Remedy every ten minutes until vomiting is produced, quick relief will follow and the child will drop to sleep to awaken in the morning as well as ever. This remedy has been in use for many years with uniform success. Obtainable everywhere.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

WILL FILL A WANT!

Since the suspension of the Louisville Weekly Courier-Journal, there has been quite a demand for a weekly Kentucky newspaper that gives all the more important state news, as well as the general news, crisp editorials, good stories, timely cartoons and illustrations.

There is no such excellent paper as the—

Twice-a-Week

Owensboro Messenger
(Edited by T. E. Woodson.)

It comes every Wednesday and Saturday, (16 pages a week or more), and is up-to-date in every regard.

Try the Twice-a-Week Messenger for a year in connection with the Hartford Republican.

Both papers, one year for \$1.50. All clubbing subscriptions should be addressed to Republican, Hartford, Ky.



In a city where good hotels abound, the Powhatan heads the list. It is near in the heart of the country.

The Powhatan is refined, exclusive, and restful. Its excellent location on Pennsylvania Avenue, 10th and 11th Streets, makes it desirable headquarters for bridal parties, tourist parties, conventions, schools and colleges.

The Powhatan attracts the people of culture and education.

Its proximity to State, War and Navy Departments, and to many points of historical interest, makes this hotel especially attractive to a discriminating public.

The Powhatan offers rooms with detached bath at \$1.50, \$2.00 and up. Rooms with private bath, \$2.50, \$3.00 and up.

Write for booklet with map.

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Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of *Chat H. Fletcher*. All no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA?

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulence, Wind Colic, all Teething Troubles and Diarrhoea. It regulates the Stomach and Bowels, assimilates the Food, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

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Bears the Signature of



In Use For Over 30 Years

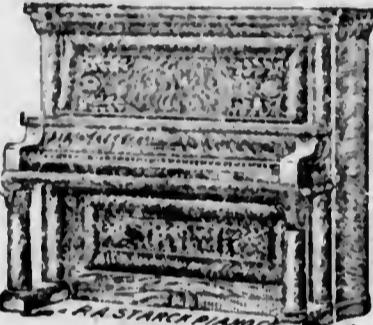
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To every purchaser of Starck Pianos, we give free music lessons, one of the best known artists in Chicago. These lessons you can take in your own home, by mail. This represents one year's free instruction.

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We have constantly on hand a large number of second-hand player-pianos of all standard makes taken in exchange for new Starck Player-Pianos. The firm also has a few sample bargains.

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Very Simple Method of Getting Valuable Information.

The former who wishes to secure forthcoming publications of the Department of Agriculture upon particular subjects and avail himself in this way of the results of its investigations should send a post card to the Editor and Chief of the Division of Publications, United States Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C., asking that his name be placed upon the list to receive the Monthly List of Publications. This list contains the titles of all bulletins and reports issued during the preceding month, with brief descriptions of each publication and a statement of its object and the region of the United States to which it is adapted.

The number of copies of many of the publications is limited by law, and farmers who receive the monthly list should therefore apply only for those which will be directly helpful to them. As long as the supply available for distribution lasts, copies of the bulletins may be obtained free. When the available supply is exhausted, copies may be obtained from the Superintendent of Documents, Government Printing Office, at price ranging from 5 cents upward. This official is not affiliated to the Department of Agriculture but to the Government Printing Office, and is authorized by law to sell all Government documents. He does not accept stamps, and payment should be made in postal order, currency, or certified checks.

As a rule, however, the publications of more general interest, and in particular the series known as Farmers' Bulletins, in which there are now more than 400 titles, may be obtained free from the Division of Publications. Applications may also be made for them to Senators, Representatives, and Delegates in Congress, to whom the law allows four-fifths of the copies printed each year. The Yearbook of the department is also distributed by Members of Congress from the allotments assigned to them.

The Division of Publications is not permitted to issue publications to persons not connected with the department to be redistributed by them. There is, moreover, no list of persons to whom all publications are sent as issued. The Monthly List will be sent to anyone who asks for it, and from this each individual can select what he wishes. To ask for a publication that is not really wanted, however, is to run the risk of depriving some one else to whom it may be more useful.

In addition to distributing the publications of the department, the Division of Publications is a convenient source of information in regard to other agricultural literature. The division welcomes requests for publications issued by any branch of the Government, by the agricultural colleges, and by the experiment stations. These requests are answered fully, the correspondent being advised as to where and to whom he should apply. A complete subject index, which records even a single mention of a subject in a publication dealing principally with other topics, of all the publications of the department is maintained by the division and should be found useful by authors and investigators.

For Sale Cheap.

We have a 2 acre lot near McHenry and Simmons milnes to offer at a bargain. A good two 16 foot room house, barn smoke house and good well of water. One half mile of church and school house. Would make a fine poultry farm.

For terms call on or address.

BARNETT & SON,
48th Hartford, Ky.

The Bolled Box In The State.

Under the above head the Louisville Evening Post, which is supporting Mr. Stanley for Governor, gave vent to its most feelings indicating that Stanley was nominated by ballot box stuffing, or bribery, carrying out the contention of Rev. Palmer in his speech before the Louisville Conference at Hartford recently.

"Before the grand jury in Clark and before the grand jury in Madison, Judge Benton questioned the election methods prevalent in that district, and called special attention to the recent Democratic Primary.

There are certain facts bearing upon this primary that need attention and in the course of time will have to be explained.

For instance, at the Democratic primary, Saturday, August 7, in Clark county McDermott received 219 votes, Stanley received 1,026 votes, McChesney received 1,216

votes, or a total of 2,461 votes.

At the regular election in 1914 Mr. Beckham, the Democratic nominee for the senate, received but 1,823 votes. In other words, the vote at the Democratic primary in 1915 exceeded the total Democratic vote cast for Beckham by 600.

Either there was a stuffing of the ballot boxes at the recent Democratic primary or there was systematic treachery at the last general election.

At the Democratic primary August 7, 1915, in the county of Madison, McDermott received 178 votes, Stanley received 1,673 votes, McChesney received 1,000 votes, or a total of 2,852 votes.

At the regular election in November, 1914, for the Senate, the Democratic nominee, Mr. Beckham, received but 1,458 votes, or 400 votes less than were cast at the recent Democratic primary.

The attention of the courts was again called in elections in Scott county. At the recent primary in that county McDermott received 141 votes, Stanley 1,052 votes, McChesney 1,955 votes, or a total of 2,282 votes.

An examination of the total vote for the state shows that in eighty counties out of the 120 the vote at the Democratic primary of 1915 exceeded the vote cast for Mr. Beckham last November.

PACIFIC, NEAR WHITESVILLE, FOR SALE.

We have listed with us a good 108 acre farm 4½ miles south of Whitesville, about half of it bottom land, and forty acres in timber including 58 gun, besides various other trees. No buildings. See us for pri-

ces.

BARNETT & SON, Agents.

POND RUN.

Oct. 13, Rev. Sam Shemwell preached an able sermon at No. 19 schoolhouse Saturday night. Our doors are open to him any time he can preach for us.

We have organized a prayer meeting at Pond Run every Wednesday night with Bro. A. T. Ross as leader.

Mrs. Mary Fulkerson and son, Jesse, returned home Sunday, after a week's visit to Mrs. Fulkerson's son, Mr. T. K. Fulkerson, of Simmons, Ky.

There was a large crowd at the party at Mr. Orlis McConnell's Saturday night. Everybody reported a very pleasant evening's entertainment.

Mr. W. B. Robertson is sick at time of this writing.

Mr. A. T. Ross and sister, Edna, made a flying trip to Beaver Dam Saturday.

Mr. L. J. Robinson is also on the sick list.

Miss Altha Robinson was the guest of Miss Carrie Southard Sunday.

Miss Muggie Hunter was the guest of Miss Margaret Tomer Saturday night.

Mr. Marsh Chumney attended the funeral of his brother at Sturgis, Ky., Friday.

Mr. Norbet Ross, our school teacher, who was out of school last week on account of a bone felon, is back again this week.

Miss Carrie Russell, our assistant teacher, is no better and Mr. Andy Ross is teaching in her place.

Several people from here attended the Morrow speaking at Hartford Monday.

Mr. Jim Russell and family and Mr. Charlie Robinson and family were the guests of the mother of Mr. Robinson and Mrs. Russell, Mrs. Liza Robinson, Sunday.

Judge Young Invokes a Technicality To Save Mt. Sterling Saloons.

Judge Young decided that the local option law is not in effect because of the failure to have the certificates properly lodged to record in the County Court. Mr. Winn and his colleague, Judge O'Rear, of Frankfort claim that it was not necessary to file the certificate after the decision was rendered.

Let our readers remember that Judge Young is one of Stanley's henchmen. One of the men whose head was cut off by the Louisville convention was the McChesney man who ran against Young for the nomination for Circuit Judge. Read carefully he knocks out the enforcement of the prohibition law in a dry country. If Stanley and his crew get into office the prohibition law will be a dead letter in every district where the Judge belongs to the Stanley machine.—News and Truths (pastor).

Doctor's Office and Dwelling for Sale.

We have for sale two acres good ground containing doctor's office, 5-room dwelling, all necessary out-buildings, 2 wells water, 1 cistern and orchard. Splendid location for physician. None within a radius of five miles. Easy terms to right party. Call on, or address

BARNETT & SON, AGTS.,
Hartford, Ky.

STOMACH TROUBLE

FOR FIVE YEARS

Majority of Friends Thought Mr. Hughes Would Die, But One Helped Him to Recovery.

taking other medicines. I decided to take his advice, although I did not have any confidence in it.

I have now been taking Black-Draught for three months, and it has cured me—haven't had those awful sick headaches since I began using it.

I am so thankful for what Black-Draught has done for me."

Thedford's Black-Draught has been found a very valuable medicine for derangements of the stomach and liver. It is composed of pure, vegetable herbs, contains no dangerous ingredients, and acts gently, yet surely. It can be freely used by young and old, and should be kept in every family chest.

Get a package to day.
Only a quarter.

10 Great Serials

full of life and action, filled with the fire of fine inspiration and followed by 250 short stories of adventure, will make

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Then the Family Page, a rare Editorial Page, Boys' Page, Girls' Page, Doctor's Advice, and "a ton of fun," Articles of Travel, Science, Education. From the best minds to the best minds, the best the world can produce for you and everyone in the home. There is no age limit to enthusiasm for The Youth's Companion.

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NOT SOLD UNDER ANY OTHER NAME.

WARRANTED FOR ALL TIME.

If you purchase the NEW HOME you will have a life asset at the price you pay, and will not have an endless chain of repairs.

Quality Considered it is the Cheapest in the end to buy.

If you want a sewing machine, write for our latest catalogue before you purchase.

The New Home Sewing Machine Co., Orange, Mass.

USE LIV-VER-LAX

The battle is on in Kentucky for good government, honest representation, square elections and fair taxation. It is a fight for an honest and economical administration of the State's government, for the enactment of just laws, the repeal of bad laws and the firm, but judicious enforcement of the law. It is the duty of every Republican and every citizen who believes in the square deal and in good clean honest government to get on the battle line for Morrow and the whole Republican ticket. If Republicans and those who stand with them for Kentucky's prosperity, honor and progress do their full duty between now and election night, there will be a tremendous victory on November 2nd for Morrow and political decency.

LATEST WAR NEWS

Monday.

The Balkans.—Efforts of the British and French commanders to bring help to Siberia before it is too late continue to occupy the chief attention of the peoples of the belligerent nations. French troops in Macedonia have received their first taste of Bulgarian fire near Thessaloniki and at Gleygol, where they were attacked by an enemy numbering 40,000 men. The fighting is still in progress. The Serbians are being helped by the weather, which is wintry, and rains have set in, impeding the movement of the troops and guns.

East and West.—The Germans have taken the offensive south of Riga and have forced the Russians out of their positions, capturing a large number of men and some guns. On the whole, however, it appears that the Germans are satisfied to hold their positions except in the north, where they have made repeated attempts to take Dvinsk, which would spell the fall of Riga.

Russia.—An imperial ukase proclaims a state in Moscow and in the Moscow district because of riots. The disorders are said to be due to the fact that many men are out of work following strikes.

Tuesday.

England.—Maj. Gen. Sir Ian Hamilton has been relieved of the command of the British forces in the Dardanelles and called home to make a report to the War Office on the Gallipoli campaign. He is to be succeeded by Maj. Gen. Charles G. Gommich Monro, an officer who has seen wide service.

Another important incident on the British side of the war is the resignation from the Cabinet of Sir Edward Carson, the Ulster leader, who was appointed Attorney General last May on the formation of the coalition Ministry. His resignation, it was said, had been in the hands of Premier Asquith for some time.

The Balkans.—While the Serbians and Montenegrins in Northern and Western Serbia are strenuously contesting the march of the Austrians and Germans, and on the east, the Serbians are fighting hard against Bulgarian attacks, the Anglo-French forces to the south are declared in unofficial reports to be making progress in their efforts to bring relief to their harassed Allies. Both Berlin and Vienna assert that their troops and those of Bulgaria are making progress in their campaign in Serbia, but as traced on the maps, this progress is slow.

The Republican Candidate for Circuit Judge.

Judge R. W. Slack, candidate for Circuit Judge in this District, was circulating among his many friends in this county during the past week. He is making a manly, energetic race and it is predicted that he will carry Ohio county by a handsome majority.

The people of this county are inclined to hold Judge Birkhead to his promise made to them twelve years ago that he would not be a candidate for the third term. It is considered that twelve years in office with a remuneration of about \$50,000 is enough for any one man in the same position and is enough to compensate the Judge for all that he claims to have done for the people during that time.

Judge Slack would make an excellent Judge. He is an able lawyer and an eminent jurist and bears the reputation of being one of the broad-minded and fair men at the Columbus bar. He has heretofore acted as special Judge and has shown himself eminently qualified for the position he seeks, and in that capacity has received the hearty commendation of all those who appeared in his court.

Judge Slack, like Ed. Morrow, is opposed to the corruption of voters either by money or whiskey. Like Mr. Morrow he favors the passage of a strict Corrupt Practice Act, and if he is elected Judge it is certain that such an act, if passed by the legislature would be rigidly enforced.

The third term idea is strongly condemned by a majority of the voters of Ohio county.

While in Ohio county Judge Slack made a number of speeches, all of which were attended by a large number of voters who manifested an interest in his campaign. He was accompanied in each instance by Hon. C. E. Smith, candidate for Commonwealth's Attorney. Mr. Smith has

undertaken to intervene in the war on the side of the Allies.

Morrow on the County Unit.

"During the past few months, the question of the regulation of the manufacture and sale of liquor has created among our people the deepest interest and has occasioned a widespread and thorough discussion. Upon this important subject the Republican party has always taken advance ground, and had the courage in 1907, to first declare for a local option law with the county as the governing unit, and in its last convention it had proven true in its past history and was first to take an open stand. The declaration of my party upon this vital question is as follows:

"The Republican party in Kentucky is responsible and deserves the credit for the County Unit law. In 1907, we declared definitely for the local option law with the county as the governing unit, and in 1911, we again declared for the County Unit law in accordance with the constitution. We now declare our continued adherence to the County Unit law, and we do hereby endorse the present County Unit law, and we favor the adoption of such amendments thereto as may be necessary to make it effective beyond question."

This declaration is an honest declaration, voluntarily made, without influence or coercion. I have always been for the principle of the County Unit law. I was for it in 1907, when it was first embodied in a Republican platform. I was for it in 1911, and helped to carry my county delegation for it and for its champion. I was for it in the election which followed and declared my allegiance to it in every county in Kentucky. I was for it when it came before the next Legislature for passage, and urged the Republican members of that Legislature to support it. I have been for it throughout its entire political history, and I am for it.

"I have not been driven to its support by the exigency of political conditions. I stand upon my party's promise, both in letters and in spirit, and it elected Governor of Kentucky, I pledge to the rigid enforcement, maintenance and perfection of this law, the best efforts of my heart and mind, my energy and enthusiasm, profoundly conscious of the gravity of my obligation and fully convinced that with genuine effort this law can and shall be made to serve its high purpose."

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been County Attorney for six years pleaded guilty to the charge of confederating to do another harm when the cases were called during special term of Circuit Court last week. Each was sentenced for a year and a day.

Mr. Marvin Miller, Owensboro, official stenographer for the 6th Judicial district, arrived in Hartwood Monday to look after his work in court.

Ordinary Doeke—jury Trials.—Monday, 7th day W. S. Likens vs. T. L. R. R. Co., J. T. Carter vs. Rockport Coal Co., J. T. Carter vs. H. L. Tucker, Henry Moseley vs. Euclid James.

Tuesday, 8th day Elijah Render vs. Rockport Coal Co., W. M. Hett vs. John Bell, Elijah Render vs. H. L. Tucker, C. R. Wade, et al., vs. Mrs. Bla Bell Evans, &c., W. M. Ward vs. Supervisors Oldham county, Sallie Warden vs. Supervisors Ohio county, J. M. Torrence vs. Jas. P. Taylor, Albert H. Oberst, guardian, vs. B. Perry Kirk, Flora Hudson vs. The Williams Coal Co.

Circuit Court Notes.—The Ohio Circuit court convened in court hall Monday for the regular two-weeks' term with Judge T. F. Birkhead presiding and Commonwealth's Attorney Ben D. Ringo and County Attorney C. E. Smith present. After an exhaustive statement by the Commonwealth's Attorney, Ben D. Ringo, supplemented by the court, the following gentlemen were empannelled as grand jurors, viz.: J. W. Fleter, F. E. Pollard, E. E. Hard, Ell Meador, Allison Hayes, J. J. Roberts, R. C. Stewart, Jesse Taylor, L. E. Ward, W. C. Mosley, J. L. Clark and H. L. Taylor. Esq. Allison Hayes was designated as foreman, Jesse W. Taylor was selected as clerk and J. L. Clark as sheriff of the grand jury.

The following gentlemen were empannelled as petit jurors yesterday morning for the term, viz.: T. A. Smith, W. S. Likens, O. M. Bishop, G. J. Christian, R. H. Rains, G. S. Greer, H. T. Maddox, Willis Hart, T. E. McQuary, A. E. Wilson, F. W. Clark, H. T. Maxwell, D. R. Holsey, E. F. Cook, C. R. Brown, S. J. Greer, W. C. Everly, H. E. Hill, T. R. Knecheloe, D. A. Russell, L. R. Goodall.

The Com'th. cases set for second day were disposed as follows: Lee Loyd (3cases) continued. Com'th. vs. Israel Jones—set forward to next Friday for trial. Com'th. vs. Eugene Harrel continued for service. Com'th. vs. Hardin Tanner, continued for service.

Com'th. vs. Curtis Brewer, statement and off. Com'th. vs. Whalen King, continued. Com'th. vs. Claude Daugherty, continued for service. Com'th. vs. Will Duke, (2cases), ruled to appear before court on Thursday, 4th day.

Com'th. vs. Robert Hillard, continued for service. Com'th. vs. Chester Loyd—default judgment for \$20 for disturbing religious worship and continued in cases charging him with carrying concealed a deadly weapon and shooting at random. Defendant not answering, recognizance forfeited.

Com'th. vs. Sam Mosley, (2 cases), continued for service. Com'th. vs. Everett Guy, (6 cases) continued.

Com'th. vs. Archle Autry, continued for service. Com'th. vs. White Kissinger, statement and off. Com'th. vs. Lawrence Jones, same order.

Com'th. vs. William Remer, dismissed. Com'th. vs. Goldie Royal and Annie Balze, statement and off. Com'th. vs. Otis Ament, continued for service.

Com'th. vs. Elzie Allen, statement and off.

Com'th. vs. Porter Evans, continued for service. Com'th. vs. John Remer, continued.

The following were continued for service: Com'th. vs. Everett Guy, Fred Sweeney, John Nelson, Mrs. Geo Ford, Tom Lindsey (2 cases), Shelly Morris, Ira Cook, Arthur Duncan.

Com'th. vs. S. C. Robb, reported dead—stricken off. Com'th. vs. Murray Maddox, continued.

Harrison Maddox relieved from custody on his own recognizance. Same orders as to Jesse Ashford.

Com'th. vs. Reed Hurt et al., Reed Hurt and Beckham Pentress, charged with disturbing religious worship. Each entered plea of guilty and fined \$5 and costs.

Sheriff S. O. Keown and Deputy Jailer Herbert Midkiff took Oscar Taylor, Elzie Allen and Estill Fullerton to the penitentiary at Eddyville last Saturday. They each News.

Owensboro's Foremost

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All lines require a thorough overhauling occasionally if the best service is to be obtained. We recommend that every line connected with us be overhauled at least once a year, and that at least one experienced telephone man assist in this work. The cost of this work when divided among all the patrons of the line, makes the amount paid by each man small, and this cost will be more than offset by the improved service.

If the owners of rural telephone lines in this section are experiencing trouble with their service, we will appreciate their talking the matter over with our Manager or writing us fully. We will gladly do what we can toward helping you improve the condition of your line.

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